

SECTION 285.305

General Information Requirements Applicable for All Utilities Subject to this Part

Utility: North Shore Gas Company

Subpart (n)

Effective August 23, 2004, the SEC no longer requires a listing of 8-Ks filed during the registrant's last quarter of the fiscal year. However, North Shore Gas is providing this information for Integrys Energy Group, Inc, consistent with the former SEC requirement.

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: November 4, 2009
(Date of earliest event reported)

<u>Commission File Number</u>	<u>Registrant; State of Incorporation Address; and Telephone Number</u>	<u>IRS Employer Identification No.</u>
1-11337	INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC. (A Wisconsin Corporation) 130 East Randolph Drive Chicago, Illinois 60601-6207 (312) 228-5400	39-1775292

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On November 4, 2009, Integrys Energy Group, Inc. will issue a news release reporting its financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2009. A copy of the news release is filed with this Form 8-K as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

Integrys Energy Group will hold an earnings conference call on November 5, 2009, to discuss the 2009 financial performance of Integrys Energy Group and its subsidiaries. For information on how to participate in the conference call, see the news release attached as Exhibit 99.1.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(a) Not applicable.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) Exhibits. The following exhibit is being filed herewith:

99.1 News Release dated November 4, 2009, reporting Integrys Energy Group, Inc. financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2009

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Joseph P. O'Leary
Joseph P. O'Leary
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 4, 2009

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

Exhibit Index to Form 8-K
Dated November 4, 2009

**Exhibit
Number**

99.1 News Release dated November 4, 2009, reporting Integrys Energy Group, Inc. financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2009



For Immediate Release

November 4, 2009

Contact: Steven P. Eschbach, CFA
Vice President – Investor Relations
IntegrYS Energy Group, Inc.
(312) 228-5408

IntegrYS Energy Group, Inc. Reports 2009 Third Quarter Financial Results

Chicago – November 4, 2009 – IntegrYS Energy Group, Inc. (NYSE: TEG) recognized net income attributed to common shareholders on a GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles) basis of \$51.1 million (\$0.66 diluted earnings per share) for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, compared with a net loss attributed to common shareholders on a GAAP basis of \$59.1 million (\$0.77 net loss per share) for the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

Third quarter 2009 net income attributed to common shareholders of \$51.1 million included \$26.1 million of certain after-tax items, consisting of \$27.6 million of after-tax non-cash gains related to derivative and inventory accounting activities at IntegrYS Energy Services, Inc., partially offset by \$1.5 million of after-tax expenses related to restructuring activities at IntegrYS Energy Services. The third quarter 2008 net loss attributed to common shareholders of \$59.1 million included \$79.6 million of after-tax non-cash losses related to derivative and inventory accounting activities at IntegrYS Energy Services. Exclusive of these certain after-tax items recognized in the third quarters of 2009 and 2008, IntegrYS Energy Group's earnings would have increased quarter-over-quarter to net income attributed to common shareholders of \$25.0 million (\$0.33 diluted earnings per share) for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, from net income attributed to common shareholders of \$20.5 million (\$0.27 diluted earnings per share) for the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

"Year-to-date results for our core utilities have improved year-over-year, with the impact of our recent rate cases and cost control measures enabling us to overcome a third quarter that was hampered by a difficult economic environment and unfavorable weather conditions. Our cost control measures will carry through in the fourth quarter, which is part of the reason we are able to increase our earnings guidance for full-year 2009," said Charles Schrock, President and Chief Executive Officer of IntegrYS Energy Group. "We are continuing to execute our process to significantly reduce the capital and collateral support requirements for IntegrYS Energy Services, as evidenced by the transactions we have announced since July of this year."

Highlights:

- Higher earnings at IntegrYS Energy Services were primarily driven by non-cash accounting gains largely due to the partial recovery of non-cash accounting losses related to derivative fair value and inventory valuation adjustments recorded in prior periods, as well as a decrease in bad debt expense driven by write-offs in 2008 related to the Lehman Brothers bankruptcy, an increase in realized retail natural gas margins related to higher per-unit margins, an increase in realized wholesale electric

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NEWS
RELEASE

margins as a result of the timing of prior transactions settling, and the recognition in discontinued operations of a gain on the sale of Integrys Energy Services' Energy Management Consulting Services business in the third quarter of 2009, partially offset by restructuring expenses recorded in the third quarter of 2009.

- The net loss at the natural gas utility segment increased 11.8% quarter-over-quarter, primarily related to a positive adjustment allowed by the Michigan Public Service Commission in the third quarter of 2008 for the recovery of previously expensed natural gas costs, as well as a quarter-over-quarter decrease in natural gas sales volumes.
- Quarter-over-quarter, net income attributed to common shareholders at the electric utility segment decreased 25.8%, driven by energy costs that were lower than what was recovered in rates during the third quarter of 2008, a decrease in sales volumes, and an increase in operating and maintenance expense, partially offset by higher margin from wholesale customers.

Details regarding Integrys Energy Group's financial results for the quarters ended September 30 are as follows:

Integrys Energy Group's GAAP Results (Millions, except per share amounts)	2009	2008	Change
Net income (loss) attributed to common shareholders	\$51.1	(\$59.1)	N/A
Basic earnings per share	\$0.67	(\$0.77)	N/A
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.66	(\$0.77)	N/A
Average shares of common stock			
Basic	76.8	76.7	0.1%
Diluted	76.9	76.7	0.3%

Significant factors impacting the change in earnings and earnings per share were as follows:

- Earnings at Integrys Energy Services increased \$118.3 million, to net income attributed to common shareholders of \$23.8 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, compared with a net loss attributed to common shareholders of \$94.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008, driven by:
 - A \$107.2 million after-tax increase in Integrys Energy Services' margin quarter-over-quarter related to non-cash activity, due to a \$156.5 million after-tax increase related to non-cash activity associated with electric operations, partially offset by a \$49.3 million after-tax decrease related to non-cash activity associated with natural gas operations. Further details regarding the change in non-cash activity can be found in Integrys Energy Group's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, being filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission today.

- A \$5.0 million after-tax decrease in operating and maintenance expense, driven by a quarter-over-quarter decrease in bad debt expense related to write-offs recorded in the third quarter of 2008 associated with the bankruptcy of Lehman Brothers.
- Realized natural gas margins increased \$3.4 million after-tax, driven by higher quarter-over-quarter per-unit retail natural gas margins related to recently contracted sales commitments.
- Combined, realized electric margins increased \$3.2 million after-tax:

The realized wholesale electric margin increased \$4.6 million after-tax. In general, realized margins are impacted by transaction activity in prior periods. Integrys Energy Services recognizes realized margin when the contracts actually settle, which typically occurs over a 12- to 24-month time period from the time the contract was actually entered into. Wholesale transactions were scaled back in conjunction with the global credit crisis in the latter half of 2008 and continue to be scaled back with the announced Integrys Energy Services strategy change. The scaled back transaction activity will negatively impact realized margins in subsequent periods.

Margins from realized retail electric operations decreased \$1.4 million after-tax, resulting from Integrys Energy Services' adjusted product pricing strategy, which was implemented in response to increased business risk and a higher cost of capital.

- A \$2.3 million after-tax gain included in discontinued operations relating to Integrys Energy Services' sale of its Energy Management Consulting Services business.
 - Partially offsetting the above increases, after-tax restructuring expenses recorded at Integrys Energy Services during the third quarter of 2009 were \$1.5 million.
- Net income attributed to common shareholders related to the holding company and other segment increased \$7.3 million, from \$1.6 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2008, to \$8.9 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2009, driven by a change in the effective tax rate quarter-over-quarter. The decrease in the effective tax rate from the third quarter of 2008 to the third quarter of 2009 had an approximate \$7 million positive impact on earnings because income tax expense for the holding company and other segment for interim periods is affected by changes in the forecasted annual effective tax rates as well as factors that impact the allocation of consolidated income tax expense to the segments. Earnings from Integrys Energy Group's 34% interest in American Transmission Company LLC increased \$0.5 million (\$0.3 million after-tax). Integrys Energy Group recorded \$19.3 million of pre-tax equity earnings from American Transmission Company during the quarter ended September 30, 2009, compared with \$18.8 million of pre-tax equity earnings during the same quarter in 2008.
 - During the third quarter of 2009, the regulated natural gas utility segment recognized a net loss attributed to common shareholders of \$19.9 million, compared with a net loss attributed to common shareholders of \$17.8 million during the same quarter in 2008. The \$2.1 million increase in the net loss was driven by:

- An approximate \$3 million (\$1.8 million after-tax) quarter-over-quarter decrease in margin at Michigan Gas Utilities Corporation related to a third quarter 2008 adjustment for recovery of prior natural gas costs in a Michigan Public Service Commission proceeding.
- An 11.9% decrease in natural gas throughput volumes attributed primarily to the negative impact of the general economic slowdown, which resulted in an approximate \$2 million (\$1.2 million after-tax) decrease in natural gas utility segment margin. The impact of lower quarter-over-quarter natural gas throughput volumes was somewhat mitigated by the impact of decoupling mechanisms that were first effective for The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company and North Shore Gas Company on March 1, 2008, and for Wisconsin Public Service Corporation on January 1, 2009. Under decoupling, these utilities are allowed to defer the difference between the actual and rate case authorized delivery charge components of margin from certain customers and adjust future rates in accordance with rules applicable to each jurisdiction. The decoupling mechanism for Wisconsin Public Service's natural gas utility includes an annual \$8.0 million pre-tax cap for the deferral of any excess or shortfall from the rate-case authorized margin. Approximately \$5 million of additional revenues were recognized at Wisconsin Public Service under the decoupling mechanism due to the shortfall from the rate-case authorized margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.
- A partially offsetting approximate \$1 million (\$0.6 million after-tax) net positive quarter-over-quarter impact on margin, primarily related to rate increases at Michigan Gas Utilities and Minnesota Energy Resources Corporation.
- During the third quarter of 2009, the regulated electric utility segment recognized net income attributed to common shareholders of \$38.3 million, compared with net income attributed to common shareholders of \$51.6 million during the same quarter in 2008. The \$13.3 million decrease was driven by:
 - A \$6.6 million after-tax decrease in earnings as a result of fuel and purchased power costs at Wisconsin Public Service that were approximately \$3 million (\$1.8 million after-tax) lower than what was recovered in rates during the quarter ended September 30, 2009, compared with fuel and purchased power costs that were approximately \$14 million (\$8.4 million after-tax) lower than what was recovered in rates during the same quarter in 2008. On April 23, 2009, the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin made the 2009 fuel cost recovery subject to refund, effective April 25, 2009, as actual and projected fuel costs for the remainder of the year are estimated to be below the 2% fuel window. As of September 30, 2009, Wisconsin Public Service recorded a liability of \$17.1 million related to this refund.
 - A 3.0% quarter-over-quarter decrease in residential sales volumes and a 4.5% quarter-over-quarter decrease in sales volumes to commercial and industrial customers drove an approximate \$7 million (\$4.2 million after-tax) quarter-over-quarter decrease in electric utility segment margin, driven by cooler weather during the third quarter of 2009, compared with the same quarter in 2008.

A decoupling mechanism first became effective for Wisconsin Public Service on January 1, 2009. Under decoupling, Wisconsin Public Service is allowed to defer the difference between its actual margin and the rate case authorized margin recognized from residential and small commercial and industrial customers. The rate order for the four-year pilot program for electric decoupling

has an annual \$14.0 million pre-tax cap for the deferral of any excess or shortfall from the rate-case authorized margin. This cap was reached in the second quarter of 2009; therefore, no additional decoupling deferral was allowed in the third quarter of 2009 for any shortfall from authorized margin.

- A \$3.9 million after-tax increase in operating and maintenance expenses, driven by a quarter-over-quarter increase in employee benefit costs, and a major planned outage at the Weston 3 generation plant in the third quarter of 2009, compared with no major outages during the same period in 2008.
- A partially offsetting approximate \$5 million (\$3.0 million after-tax) increase in margin from an increase in contracted sales volumes with a large existing wholesale customer and an increase in demand charges to wholesale customers to recover costs related to the Weston 4 generation plant.

YEAR-TO-DATE RESULTS

Integrys Energy Group recognized a net loss attributed to common shareholders on a GAAP basis of \$94.4 million (\$1.23 net loss per share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, compared with net income attributed to common shareholders on a GAAP basis of \$100.8 million (\$1.31 diluted earnings per share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

The net loss attributed to common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 of \$94.4 million included \$259.8 million of certain after-tax items, consisting of a \$248.8 million after-tax non-cash goodwill impairment loss related to the natural gas utility segment, \$2.4 million of after-tax non-cash gains related to derivative and inventory accounting activities at Integrys Energy Services, and \$13.4 million of after-tax expenses related to restructuring activities at Integrys Energy Services. Net income attributed to common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 of \$100.8 million included \$49.0 million of after-tax non-cash losses related to derivative and inventory accounting activities at Integrys Energy Services and a \$6.5 million after-tax non-cash goodwill impairment loss related to the regulated natural gas utility segment. Exclusive of these certain after-tax items recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2009, and 2008, Integrys Energy Group's earnings would have increased period-over-period to net income attributed to common shareholders of \$165.4 million (\$2.15 diluted earnings per share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, from net income attributed to common shareholders of \$156.3 million (\$2.03 diluted earnings per share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

EARNINGS FORECAST

Given the previously announced strategic shift to focus on our core utility businesses, we have excluded any guidance related to Integrys Energy Services from the ranges below. The projected guidance range for 2009 diluted earnings per share – adjusted is anticipated to be between \$2.26 and \$2.38. In 2011, the first full year Integrys Energy Group expects to be a predominantly Midwestern regional regulated utility company, the projected guidance range for diluted earnings per share – adjusted is anticipated to be between \$2.80 and \$3.20. This guidance assumes operational improvements and rate relief for certain utilities, the availability of generation units,

successful execution of the strategy related to Integrys Energy Services, and normal weather conditions. Diluted earnings per share – adjusted guidance provides investors with additional insight into the company's operating performance because it eliminates the effects of certain items that are not comparable from one period to the next. Please see the “Diluted Earnings per Share Information – Non-GAAP Financial Information” included at the end of this news release and also included with the supplemental data package on the company's Web site for a reconciliation of diluted earnings per share to diluted earnings per share – adjusted.

Integrys Energy Group reiterates its expected long-term diluted earnings per share growth rate of 4% to 6%, on an average annualized basis, with 2011 as its base year.

Integrys Energy Group's management will discuss earnings guidance for 2009 and also for 2011, the first full year it expects to be a predominantly Midwestern regional regulated utility company, during its earnings conference call at 8 a.m. CST on Thursday, November 5.

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA PACKAGE

Concurrent with this news release, a supplemental data package has been posted on Integrys Energy Group's corporate Web site that includes this narrative news release, as well as financial statements, non-GAAP financial information, supplemental quarterly financial information by reportable segment, and a summary of earnings (loss) by reportable segment.

CONFERENCE CALL

An earnings conference call is scheduled for 8 a.m. CST on Thursday, November 5, 2009. Integrys Energy Group will discuss 2009 third quarter financial results, as well as future prospects. To access the call, which is open to the public, call 888-788-9425 (toll free) 15 minutes prior to the scheduled start time. Callers will be required to supply EARNINGS as the passcode and MR. STEVEN ESCHBACH as the leader. Callers will be placed on hold with music until the call begins. A replay of the conference call will be available through February 23, 2010, by dialing 888-673-3573 (toll free).

Investors may also listen to the conference live on Integrys Energy Group's corporate Web site at <http://www.integrysgroup.com/investor/presentations.aspx>. An archive of the Webcast will be available on the company's Web site at <http://www.integrysgroup.com/investor/presentations.aspx>.

In conjunction with this conference call, Integrys Energy Group will post on its Web site PowerPoint slides that will be referred to within the prepared remarks during the call. The slides will be available at 6:00 a.m. CST on Thursday, November 5.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Financial results in this news release are unaudited. In this news release, Integrys Energy Group and its subsidiaries make statements concerning expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, strategies, and future events or performance. Such statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions and uncertainties; therefore, actual

results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Although Integrys Energy Group and its subsidiaries believe that these forward-looking statements and the underlying assumptions are reasonable, they cannot provide assurance that such statements will prove correct.

Forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements concerning management's expectations and projections regarding earnings, regulatory matters, fuel costs, sources of electric energy supply, coal and natural gas deliveries, remediation costs, environmental and other capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources, trends, estimates, completion of construction projects, and other matters.

Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Some risk factors that could cause results to differ from any forward-looking statement include those described in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, as may be amended or supplemented in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Other factors include:

- Resolution of pending and future rate cases and negotiations (including the recovery of deferred costs) and other regulatory decisions impacting Integrys Energy Group's regulated businesses;
- The impact of recent and future federal and state regulatory changes, including legislative and regulatory initiatives regarding deregulation and restructuring of the electric and natural gas utility industries and future initiatives to address concerns about global climate change, changes in environmental, tax, and other laws and regulations to which Integrys Energy Group and its subsidiaries are subject, as well as changes in the application of existing laws and regulations;
- Current and future litigation, regulatory investigations, proceedings, or inquiries, including but not limited to, manufactured gas plant site cleanup, reconciliation of revenues from the gas charge and related natural gas costs, and the proceeding regarding the Weston 4 air permit;
- The impacts of changing financial market conditions, credit ratings, and interest rates on the liquidity and financing efforts of Integrys Energy Group and its subsidiaries;
- The risks associated with executing Integrys Energy Group's plan to significantly reduce the scope and scale of, or divest in its entirety, the nonregulated energy services business;
- The risks associated with changing commodity prices (particularly natural gas and electricity) and the available sources of fuel and purchased power, including their impact on margins;
- Resolution of audits or other tax disputes with the Internal Revenue Service and various state, local, and Canadian revenue agencies;
- The effects, extent, and timing of additional competition or regulation in the markets in which Integrys Energy Group's subsidiaries operate;
- The retention of market-based rate authority;
- The risk associated with the value of goodwill or other intangibles and their possible impairment;
- Investment performance of employee benefit plan assets;
- Advances in technology;
- Effects of and changes in political and legal developments, as well as economic conditions and the related impact on customer demand;
- Potential business strategies, including mergers, acquisitions, and construction or

- disposition of assets or businesses, which cannot be assured to be completed timely or within budgets;
- The direct or indirect effects of terrorist incidents, natural disasters, or responses to such events;
 - The effectiveness of risk management strategies and the use of financial and derivative instruments;
 - The risks associated with the inability of Integrys Energy Group's and its subsidiaries' counterparties, affiliates, and customers to meet their obligations;
 - Weather and other natural phenomena, in particular the effect of weather on natural gas and electricity sales;
 - The utilization of tax credit and loss carryforwards;
 - The effect of accounting pronouncements issued periodically by standard-setting bodies; and
 - Other factors discussed in the 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in other reports filed by Integrys Energy Group from time to time with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Except to the extent required by the federal securities laws, Integrys Energy Group and its subsidiaries undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

About Integrys Energy Group, Inc.

Integrys Energy Group is a diversified holding company with regulated utility operations operating through six wholly owned subsidiaries, Wisconsin Public Service Corporation, The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company, North Shore Gas Company, Upper Peninsula Power Company, Michigan Gas Utilities Corporation, and Minnesota Energy Resources Corporation; nonregulated operations through its wholly owned nonregulated subsidiary, Integrys Energy Services; and also a 34% equity ownership interest in American Transmission Company LLC (an electric transmission company operating in Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, and Illinois).

More information about Integrys Energy Group, Inc. is available online at www.integrysgroup.com.

-- Unaudited Financial Statements to Follow --

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
(Millions, except per share data)	2009	2008	2009	2008
Nonregulated revenues	\$754.0	\$2,543.0	\$3,355.3	\$7,556.4
Utility revenues	543.8	680.1	2,570.9	3,073.1
Total revenues	1,297.8	3,223.1	5,926.2	10,629.5
Nonregulated cost of fuel, natural gas, and purchased power	661.7	2,640.9	3,139.7	7,470.2
Utility cost of fuel, natural gas, and purchased power	220.6	338.0	1,402.6	1,927.6
Operating and maintenance expense	238.4	242.3	805.7	780.7
Goodwill impairment loss	-	-	291.1	6.5
Restructuring expense	2.4	-	21.5	-
Depreciation and amortization expense	57.5	56.7	172.0	163.8
Taxes other than income taxes	23.9	21.4	72.5	69.1
Operating income (loss)	93.3	(76.2)	21.1	211.6
Miscellaneous income	25.9	23.7	67.9	64.5
Interest expense	(41.7)	(39.5)	(124.4)	(110.9)
Other expense	(15.8)	(15.8)	(56.5)	(46.4)
Income (loss) before taxes	77.5	(92.0)	(35.4)	165.2
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	28.0	(33.6)	59.3	62.2
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	49.5	(58.4)	(94.7)	103.0
Discontinued operations, net of tax	2.3	-	2.6	0.1
Net income (loss)	51.8	(58.4)	(92.1)	103.1
Preferred stock dividends of subsidiary	0.7	0.7	2.3	2.3
Net income (loss) attributed to common shareholders	\$51.1	(\$59.1)	(\$94.4)	\$100.8
Average shares of common stock				
Basic	76.8	76.7	76.8	76.5
Diluted	76.9	76.7	76.8	76.9
Earnings (loss) per common share (basic)				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.64	(\$0.77)	(\$1.26)	\$1.32
Discontinued operations, net of tax	0.03	-	0.03	-
Earnings (loss) per common share (basic)	\$0.67	(\$0.77)	(\$1.23)	\$1.32
Earnings (loss) per common share (diluted)				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.63	(\$0.77)	(\$1.26)	\$1.31
Discontinued operations, net of tax	0.03	-	0.03	-
Earnings (loss) per common share (diluted)	\$0.66	(\$0.77)	(\$1.23)	\$1.31
Dividends per common share declared	\$0.68	\$0.67	\$2.04	\$2.01

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited) (Millions)	September 30 2009	December 31 2008
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$149.4	\$254.1
Accounts receivable and accrued unbilled revenues, net of reserves of \$71.1 and \$62.5, respectively	926.3	2,155.3
Inventories	414.9	722.8
Assets from risk management activities	2,045.3	1,991.8
Regulatory assets	117.4	244.0
Assets held for sale	-	270.5
Deferred income taxes	169.0	-
Other current assets	203.1	280.8
Current assets	4,025.4	5,919.3
Property, plant, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,839.8 and \$2,710.0, respectively	4,915.1	4,773.3
Regulatory assets	1,452.6	1,444.8
Assets from risk management activities	1,016.1	730.2
Goodwill	642.8	933.9
Other long-term assets	513.2	471.0
Total assets	\$12,565.2	\$14,272.5
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Short-term debt	\$86.0	\$1,209.0
Current portion of long-term debt	271.0	155.2
Accounts payable	640.0	1,534.3
Liabilities from risk management activities	2,125.5	1,967.9
Regulatory liabilities	107.9	58.8
Liabilities held for sale	-	253.8
Deferred income taxes	-	71.6
Other current liabilities	420.7	494.8
Current liabilities	3,651.1	5,745.4
Long-term debt	2,396.7	2,288.0
Deferred income taxes	648.2	435.7
Deferred investment tax credits	35.9	36.9
Regulatory liabilities	279.9	275.5
Environmental remediation liabilities	643.9	640.6
Pension and other postretirement benefit obligations	645.9	636.5
Liabilities from risk management activities	1,000.0	731.3
Asset retirement obligations	187.4	179.1
Other long-term liabilities	148.6	152.8
Long-term liabilities	5,986.5	5,376.4
Commitments and contingencies		
Preferred stock of subsidiary - \$100 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; 511,882 shares issued; 510,495 shares outstanding	51.1	51.1
Common stock - \$1 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 76,424,213 shares issued; 76,010,558 shares outstanding	76.4	76.4
Additional paid-in capital	2,494.2	2,487.9
Retained earnings	374.0	624.6
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(52.6)	(72.8)
Treasury stock and shares in deferred compensation trust	(15.5)	(16.5)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$12,565.2	\$14,272.5

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)	Nine Months Ended September 30	
(Millions)	2009	2008
Operating Activities		
Net income (loss)	(\$92.1)	\$103.1
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		
Discontinued operations, net of tax	(2.6)	(0.1)
Goodwill impairment loss	291.1	6.5
Depreciation and amortization expense	172.0	163.8
Recoveries and refunds of regulatory assets and liabilities	30.8	50.2
Net unrealized losses (gains) on nonregulated energy contracts	151.1	(37.9)
Nonregulated lower of cost or market inventory adjustments	36.0	119.5
Bad debt expense	49.7	54.6
Pension and other postretirement expense	51.0	36.6
Pension and other postretirement contributions	(30.9)	(27.0)
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credit	(32.2)	65.8
(Gain) Loss on sale of assets	(1.8)	1.5
Equity income, net of dividends	(11.9)	(11.3)
Other	(28.0)	(28.3)
Changes in working capital		
Accounts receivable and accrued unbilled revenues	1,170.5	169.8
Inventories	347.5	(696.3)
Other current assets	86.4	(95.0)
Accounts payable	(678.5)	18.5
Other current liabilities	(13.5)	(193.2)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1,494.6	(299.2)
Investing Activities		
Capital expenditures	(342.3)	(355.2)
Proceeds from the sale or disposal of assets	37.9	9.2
Purchase of equity investments	(23.9)	(27.6)
Cash paid for transmission interconnection	-	(17.4)
Proceeds received from transmission interconnection	-	99.7
Other	(9.9)	4.0
Net cash used for investing activities	(338.2)	(287.3)
Financing Activities		
Short-term debt, net	(951.9)	632.1
Redemption of notes payable	(157.9)	-
Proceeds from sale of borrowed natural gas	148.6	402.6
Purchase of natural gas to repay natural gas loans	(370.1)	(221.8)
Issuance of long-term debt	230.0	-
Repayment of long-term debt	(2.0)	(54.7)
Payment of dividends		
Preferred stock of subsidiary	(2.3)	(2.3)
Common stock	(155.2)	(152.9)
Other	(4.8)	(2.3)
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(1,265.6)	600.7
Change in cash and cash equivalents - continuing operations	(109.2)	14.2
Change in cash and cash equivalents - discontinued operations		
Net cash provided by investing activities	4.5	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(104.7)	14.2
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	254.1	41.2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$149.4	\$55.4

Integrys Energy Group, Inc.

Diluted Earnings Per Share Information – Non-GAAP Financial Information

Non-GAAP Financial Information

Integrys Energy Group prepares financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Along with this information, we disclose and discuss diluted earnings per share (EPS) – adjusted, which is a non-GAAP measure. Management uses the measure in its internal performance reporting and for reports to the Board of Directors. We disclose this measure in our quarterly earnings releases, on investor conference calls, and during investor conferences and related events. Management believes that diluted EPS – adjusted is a useful measure for providing investors with additional insight into our operating performance because it eliminates the effects of certain items that are not comparable from one period to the next. Therefore, this measure allows investors to better compare our financial results from period to period. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our results of operations prepared and presented in conformance with GAAP.

Actual Quarter and Year-to-Date Results for Periods Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Diluted EPS	\$0.66	\$(0.77)	\$(1.23)	\$1.31
Average Shares of Common Stock – Diluted	76.9	76.7	76.8	76.9

Information on Special Items:

Diluted earnings per share are adjusted for special items and their financial impact on diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008. Due to Integrys Energy Group's change in strategy related to Integrys Energy Services, the results of the business operations of Integrys Energy Services are shown as a special adjusting item.

Diluted EPS	\$0.66	\$(0.77)	\$(1.23)	\$1.31
Special Items (net of taxes):				
Goodwill impairment – natural gas segment	-	-	3.24	0.08
Integrys Energy Services' total segment results	(0.31)	1.23	(0.08)	0.44
Diluted EPS – Adjusted	0.35	0.46	1.93	1.83

Integrys Energy Group, Inc.

Diluted Earnings Per Share Information – Non-GAAP Financial Information

Due to Integrys Energy Group's change in strategy related to Integrys Energy Services, the actual 2008 results for the business operations of Integrys Energy Services, including the impacts of discontinued operations, are shown as an adjustment to diluted EPS. There are a number of scenarios that we are considering for the restructuring of Integrys Energy Services that can produce a wide range of impacts on our financial results. As a result, we have excluded any guidance related to Integrys Energy Services from the tables below.

<i>Actual 2008 Results with 2009 and 2011 Forecasts</i>	Actual 2008	Potential 2009		Potential 2011	
		Low Scenario	High Scenario	Low Scenario	High Scenario
Diluted EPS	\$1.64				
Integrys Energy Services' total segment results	0.80				
Diluted EPS (excluding Integrys Energy Services)	\$2.44	\$(0.98)	\$(0.86)	\$2.80	\$3.20
Average Shares of Common Stock – Diluted	77.0	76.7	76.7	77.4	77.4

Information on Special Items:

Diluted earnings per share are adjusted for special items and their financial impact on the actual 2008 diluted earnings per share and diluted earnings per share guidance for 2009.

Diluted EPS (excluding Integrys Energy Services)	\$2.44	\$(0.98)	\$(0.86)	\$2.80	\$3.20
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Special Items (net of taxes):

Goodwill impairment – natural gas segment	0.08	3.24	3.24	-	-
Diluted EPS – Adjusted	\$2.52	\$2.26	\$2.38	\$2.80	\$3.20

* Key Assumptions for 2009 and 2011:

- Operational improvements and rate relief for certain utilities
- Availability of generation units
- Successful execution of the strategy related to Integrys Energy Services
- Normal weather conditions

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: December 17, 2009
(Date of earliest event reported)

<u>Commission File Number</u>	<u>Registrant, State of Incorporation Address, and Telephone Number</u>	<u>IRS Employer Identification No.</u>
1-11337	INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC. (A Wisconsin Corporation) 130 East Randolph Drive Chicago, Illinois 60601-6207 (312) 228-5400	39-1775292

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 5.03 Amendments to Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws; Change in Fiscal Year.

Effective December 17, 2009, the Integrys Energy Group Board of Directors approved the following amendments to its By-laws which:

- 1) Decreased the size of the Board of Directors from 15 to 14 directors.
- 2) Allow for electronic mail or other electronic transmission as an acceptable method for providing notices of special meetings of the Board of Directors and to specify that all notice of special meetings of the Board of Directors, regardless of method, shall be deemed effective when sent.
- 3) Allow for the appointment of one or more Presidents and to specify that if there is more than one President, one of the Presidents must also be designated Chief Executive Officer and the other President(s) may be assigned responsibility for a designated group, division or function of the corporation.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

- (a) Not applicable.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Exhibits. The following exhibits are being filed herewith:
 - 3.1 Amendments to the By-laws of Integrys Energy Group, Inc. effective December 17, 2009
 - 3.2 Integrys Energy Group, Inc. By-laws as in effect at December 17, 2009

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Barth J. Wolf
Barth J. Wolf
Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

Date: December 22, 2009

INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.

Exhibit Index to Form 8-K
Dated December 17, 2009

**Exhibit
Number**

- 3.1 Amendments to the By-laws of Integrys Energy Group, Inc. effective December 17, 2009
- 3.2 Integrys Energy Group, Inc. By-laws as in effect at December 17, 2009

**INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC.****BY-LAWS**

As in Effect at
~~September~~December 17, 2009

ARTICLE I. OFFICES**1. Principal Office**

The principal office of the Corporation in the State of Wisconsin shall be in the City of Green Bay. The Corporation may also have offices at such other places, within and outside of the State of Wisconsin; as the Board of Directors may designate or as the business of the Corporation may require.

2. Registered Office

The Board of Directors shall designate the registered office of the Corporation and may change such registered office by resolution.

ARTICLE II. SHAREHOLDERS**1. Annual Meeting**

The annual meeting of the shareholders ("Annual Meeting") shall be held each year at such time and on such day as may be designated by resolution of the Board of Directors. In fixing a meeting date for any Annual Meeting, the Board of Directors may consider such factors as it deems relevant within the good faith exercise of its business judgment.

2. Purposes of Annual Meeting

At each Annual Meeting, the shareholders shall elect the number of directors equal to the number of directors in the class whose term expires at the time of such Annual Meeting and transact such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting in accordance with Section 14 of Article II of these By-laws. If the election of directors shall not be held on the date fixed as herein provided, for any Annual Meeting, or any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors shall cause the election to be held at a special meeting of shareholders (a "Special Meeting") as soon thereafter as is practicable.

3. Special Meetings

- a. A Special Meeting may be called only by (i) the Board of Directors, (ii) the Chairman of the Board, (iii) the Chief Executive Officer, or (iv) the ~~President or (v) the Secretary~~ and shall be called by the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President or the Secretary~~ upon the demand, in accordance with this Section 3, of the holders of record of shares representing at least 10% of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the Special Meeting.
- b. In order that the Corporation may determine the shareholders entitled to demand a Special Meeting, the Board of Directors may fix a record date to determine the shareholders entitled to make such a demand (the "Demand Record Date"). The Demand Record Date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the Demand Record Date is adopted by the Board of Directors and shall not be more than ten days after the date upon which the resolution fixing the Demand Record Date is adopted.

by the Board of Directors. Any shareholder of record seeking to have shareholders demand a Special Meeting shall, by sending written notice to the Secretary of the Corporation by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, request the Board of Directors to fix a Demand Record Date. The Board of Directors shall promptly, but in all events within ten days after the date on which a valid request to fix a Demand Record Date is received, adopt a resolution fixing the Demand Record Date and shall make a public announcement of such Demand Record Date. If no Demand Record Date has been fixed by the Board of Directors within ten days after the date on which such request is received by the Secretary, the Demand Record Date shall be the 10th day after the first date on which a valid written request to set a Demand Record Date is received by the Secretary. To be valid, such written request shall set forth the purpose or purposes for which the Special Meeting is to be held, shall be signed by one or more shareholders of record (or their duly authorized proxies or other representatives), shall bear the date of signature of each such shareholder (or proxy or other representative) and shall set forth all information about each such shareholder and about the beneficial owner or owners, if any, on whose behalf the request is made that would be required to be set forth in a shareholder's notice described in paragraph (a) (ii) of Section 14 of this Article II.

- c. In order for a shareholder or shareholders to demand a Special Meeting, a written demand or demands for a Special Meeting by the holders of record as of the Demand Record Date of shares representing at least 10% of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the Special Meeting must be delivered to the Corporation. To be valid, each written demand by a shareholder for a Special Meeting shall set forth the specific purpose or purposes for which the Special Meeting is to be held (which purpose or purposes shall be limited to the purpose or purposes set forth in the written request to set a Demand Record Date received by the Corporation pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section 3), shall be signed by one or more persons who as of the Demand Record Date are shareholders of record (or their duly authorized proxies or other representatives), shall bear the date of signature of each such shareholder (or proxy or other representative), and shall set forth the name and address, as they appear in the Corporation's books, of each shareholder signing such demand and the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are owned of record and beneficially by each such shareholder, shall be sent to the Secretary by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, and shall be received by the Secretary within seventy days after the Demand Record Date.
- d. The Corporation shall not be required to call a Special Meeting upon shareholder demand unless, in addition to the documents required by paragraph (c) of this Section 3, the Secretary receives a written agreement signed by each Soliciting Shareholder (as defined below), pursuant to which each Soliciting Shareholder, jointly and severally, agrees to pay the Corporation's costs of holding the Special Meeting, including the costs of preparing and mailing proxy materials for the Corporation's own solicitation, provided that if each of the resolutions introduced by any Soliciting Shareholder at such meeting is adopted, and each of the individuals nominated by or on behalf of any Soliciting Shareholder for election as a director at such meeting is elected, then the Soliciting Shareholders shall not be required to pay such costs. For purposes of this paragraph (d), the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:
 - (i) "Affiliate" of any Person (as defined herein) shall mean any Person controlling, controlled by or under common control with such first Person.
 - (ii) "Participant" shall have the meaning assigned to such term in Rule 14a-11 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").
 - (iii) "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, trust, unincorporated organization or other entity.

- (iv) "Proxy" shall have the meaning assigned to such term in Rule 14a-1 promulgated under the Exchange Act.
 - (v) "Solicitation" shall have the meaning assigned to such term in Rule 14a-11 promulgated under the Exchange Act.
 - (vi) "Soliciting Shareholder" shall mean, with respect to any Special Meeting demanded by a shareholder or shareholders, any of the following Persons:
 - (a) if the number of shareholders signing the demand or demands of meeting delivered to the Corporation pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section 3 is ten or fewer, each shareholder signing any such demand;
 - (b) if the number of shareholders signing the demand or demands of meeting delivered to the Corporation pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section 3 is more than ten, each Person who either (I) was a Participant in any Solicitation of such demand or demands or (II) at the time of the delivery to the Corporation of the documents described in paragraph (c) of this Section 3 had engaged or intends to engage in any Solicitation of Proxies for use at such Special Meeting (other than a Solicitation of Proxies on behalf of the Corporation); or
 - (c) any Affiliate of a Soliciting Shareholder, if a majority of the directors then in office determine, reasonably and in good faith, that such Affiliate should be required to sign the written notice described in paragraph (c) of this Section 3 and/or the written agreement described in this paragraph (d) in order to prevent the purposes of this Section 3 from being evaded.
- e. Except as provided in the following sentence, any Special Meeting shall be held at such hour and day as may be designated by whichever of the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary shall have called such meeting. In the case of any Special Meeting called by the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary upon the demand of shareholders (a "Demand Special Meeting"), such meeting shall be held at such hour and day as may be designated by the Board of Directors; provided, however, that the date of any Demand Special Meeting shall be not more than seventy days after the Meeting Record Date (as defined in Section 6 of Article II of these By-laws); and provided further that in the event that the directors then in office fail to designate an hour and date for a Demand Special Meeting within ten days after the date that valid written demands for such meeting by the holders of record as of the Demand Record Date of shares representing at least 10% of all the votes entitled to be cast on each issue proposed to be considered at the Special Meeting are delivered to the Corporation (the "Delivery Date"), then such meeting shall be held at 2:00 P.M. local time on the 100th day after the Delivery Date or, if such 100th day is not a Business Day (as defined below), on the first preceding Business Day. In fixing a meeting date for any Special Meeting, the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary may consider such factors as it or he deems relevant within the good faith exercise of its or his business judgment, including, without limitation, the nature of the action proposed to be taken, the facts and circumstances surrounding any demand for such meeting, and any plan of the Board of Directors to call an Annual Meeting or a Special Meeting for the conduct of related business.
- f. The Corporation may engage regionally or nationally recognized independent inspectors of elections to act as an agent of the Corporation for the purpose of promptly performing a ministerial review of the validity of any purported written demand or demands for a Special Meeting received by the Secretary. For the purpose of permitting the inspectors to perform such review, no purported demand shall be deemed to have been delivered to the Corporation until the earlier of (i) five Business Days following receipt by the Secretary

of such purported demand and (ii) such date as the independent inspectors certify to the Corporation that the valid demands received by the Secretary represent at least 10% of all the votes entitled to be cast on each issue proposed to be considered at the Special Meeting. Nothing contained in this paragraph (f) shall in any way be construed to suggest or imply that the Board of Directors or any shareholder shall not be entitled to contest the validity of any demand, whether during or after such five Business Day period, or to take any other action (including, without limitation, the commencement, prosecution or defense of any litigation with respect thereto).

- g. For purposes of these By-laws, "Business Day" shall mean any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in the State of Wisconsin are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

4. Place of Meeting

The Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary may designate any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place of meeting for any Annual Meeting or for any Special Meeting or for any postponement or adjournment thereof. If no designation is made, the place of meeting shall be the principal business office of the Corporation in the State of Wisconsin. Any meeting may be adjourned to reconvene at any place designated by vote of the Board of Directors or by the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary.

5. Notice of Meeting

Written or printed notice stating the date, time and place of any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting shall be delivered not less than ten days (unless a longer period is required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law or the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation) nor more than 70 days before the date of such meeting either personally or by mail, by or at the direction of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary, to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting and to such other shareholders as required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law. In the event of any Demand Special Meeting, such notice shall be sent not more than 45 days after the Delivery Date. If mailed, notice pursuant to this Section 5 shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail, addressed to the shareholder at his address as it appears on the stock record books of the Corporation, with postage thereon prepaid. Unless otherwise required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law or the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, a notice of an Annual Meeting need not include a description of the purpose for which the meeting is called. In the case of any Special Meeting, (a) the notice of meeting shall describe any business that the Board of Directors shall have theretofore determined to bring before the meeting and (b) in the case of a Demand Special Meeting, the notice of meeting (i) shall describe any business set forth in the statement of purpose of the demands received by the Corporation in accordance with Section 3 of this Article II and (ii) shall contain all of the information required in the notice received by the Corporation in accordance with Section 14(b) of this Article II. If an Annual Meeting or Special Meeting is adjourned to a different date, time or place, the Corporation shall not be required to give notice of the new date, time or place if the new date, time or place is announced at the meeting before adjournment; provided, however, that if a new Meeting Record Date for an adjourned meeting is or must be fixed, the Corporation shall give notice of the adjourned meeting to persons who are shareholders as of the new Meeting Record Date.

6. Fixing of Record Date

The Board of Directors may fix in advance a date not less than 10 days and not more than 70 days prior to the date of any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting (other than a Demand Special Meeting) as the record date for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, such meeting ("Meeting Record Date"). If a Meeting Record Date is not fixed by the Board of Directors or by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law for any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting (other than a Demand Special Meeting), the Meeting Record Date shall be the

close of business on the day before the first notice is given to Shareholders. In the case of any Demand Special Meeting, (i) the Meeting Record Date shall not be later than the 30th day after the Delivery Date and (ii) if the Board of Directors fails to fix the Meeting Record Date within 30 days after the Delivery Date, then the close of business on such 30th day shall be the Meeting Record Date. The shareholders of record on the Meeting Record Date shall be the shareholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting. Except as provided by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law for a court-ordered adjournment, a determination of shareholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting is effective for any adjournment of such meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new Meeting Record Date, which it shall do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than 120 days after the date fixed for the original meeting. The Board of Directors may also fix in advance a date as the record date for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to take any other action or determining shareholders for any other purpose. Such record date shall be not more than 70 days prior to the date on which the particular action, requiring such determination of shareholders, is to be taken. The record date for determining shareholders entitled to a distribution (other than a distribution involving a purchase, redemption or other acquisition of the Corporation's shares) or a share dividend is the date on which the Board of Directors authorizes the distribution or share dividend, as the case may be, unless the Board of Directors fixes a different record date.

7. Voting Records

After a Meeting Record Date has been fixed, the Corporation shall prepare a list of the names of all of the shareholders entitled to notice of the meeting. The list shall be arranged by class or series of shares, if any, and show the address of, and number of shares held by, each shareholder. Such list shall be available for inspection by any shareholder, beginning two business days after notice of the meeting is given for which the list was prepared and continuing to the date of the meeting, at the Corporation's principal office or at a place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A shareholder or his agent may, on written demand, inspect and, subject to the limitations imposed by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, copy the list, during regular business hours and at his or her expense, during the period that it is available for inspection pursuant to this Section 7. The Corporation shall make the shareholders' list available at the meeting and any shareholder or his or her agent or attorney may inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment thereof. Refusal or failure to prepare or make available the shareholders' list shall not affect the validity of any action taken at a meeting of shareholders.

8. Quorum and Voting Requirements; Postponements; Adjournments

- a. Shares entitled to vote as a separate voting group may take action on a matter at any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting only if a quorum of those shares exists with respect to that matter. If the Corporation has only one class of stock outstanding, such class shall constitute a separate voting group for purposes of this Section 8. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation of this Corporation or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter shall constitute a quorum of the voting group for action on that matter. Once a share is represented for any purpose at any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting, other than for the purpose of objecting to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting, it is considered present for purposes of determining whether a quorum exists for the remainder of the meeting and for any adjournment of that meeting, unless a new Meeting Record Date is or must be set for the adjourned meeting. If a quorum exists, except in the case of the election of directors, action on a matter shall be approved if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law requires a greater number of affirmative votes. Unless otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, each director shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the shares entitled to vote in the election of directors at any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting at which a quorum is present.

- b. The Board of Directors acting by resolution may postpone and reschedule any previously scheduled Annual Meeting or Special Meeting; provided, however, that a Demand Special Meeting shall not be postponed beyond the 100th day following the Delivery Date. Any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting may be adjourned from time to time, whether or not there is a quorum, (i) at any time, upon a resolution of shareholders if the votes cast in favor of such resolution by the holders of shares of each voting group entitled to vote on any matter theretofore properly brought before the meeting exceed the number of votes cast against such resolution by the holders of shares of each such voting group or (ii) at any time prior to the transaction of any business at such meeting, by the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary or pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors. No notice of the time and place of adjourned meetings need be given except as required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law. At any adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified.

9. Conduct of Meetings

The Chairman of the Board, and in his or her absence, the Chief Executive Officer, and in their absence, the Lead Director, and in their absence, the Chair of the Governance Committee, and in their absence, any person chosen by the shareholders present shall call any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting to order and shall act as chairman of such meeting, and the Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all Annual Meetings and Special Meetings, but in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person to act as secretary of the meeting.

10. Proxies

At all meetings of shareholders, a shareholder entitled to vote may vote his or her or its shares in person or by proxy. A shareholder entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders may authorize another person to act for the shareholder by appointing the person as proxy. Without limiting the manner in which a shareholder may appoint a proxy, a shareholder or the shareholder's authorized officer, director, employee, agent or attorney-in-fact may use any of the following as a valid means to make such an appointment:

- a. Appointment of a proxy in writing by signing or causing the shareholder's signature to be affixed to an appointment form by any reasonable means, including, but not limited to, by facsimile signature.
- b. Appointment of a proxy by transmitting or authorizing the transmission of an electronic transmission of the appointment to the person who will be appointed as proxy or to a proxy solicitation firm, proxy support service organization or like agent authorized to receive the transmission by the person who will be appointed as proxy. Every electronic transmission shall contain, or be accompanied by, information that can be used to reasonably determine that the shareholder transmitted or authorized the transmission of the electronic transmission. Any person charged with determining whether a shareholder transmitted or authorized the transmission of the electronic transmission shall specify the information upon which the determination is made.

An appointment of a proxy is effective when a signed appointment form or an electronic transmission of the appointment is received by the inspector of elections or the officer or agent of the Corporation authorized to tabulate votes. An appointment is valid for 11 months unless a different period is expressly provided in the appointment. Unless otherwise provided, a proxy may be revoked any time before it is voted, either by appointing a new proxy in accordance with the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law or by oral notice given by the shareholder to the presiding officer during the meeting. The presence of a shareholder who has made an effective proxy appointment shall not itself constitute a revocation. The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make rules establishing presumptions as to the validity and sufficiency of proxies.

11. Voting of Shares

- a. Each outstanding share shall be entitled to one vote upon each matter submitted to a vote at any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting, except to the extent that the voting rights of the shares of any class or classes are enlarged, limited or denied by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law or the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation.
- b. Shares held by another corporation, if a sufficient number of shares entitled to elect a majority of the directors of such other corporation is held directly or indirectly by the Corporation, shall not be entitled to vote at any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting, but shares held in a fiduciary capacity may be voted.

12. Acceptance of Instruments Showing Shareholder Action

If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment corresponds to the name of a shareholder, the Corporation, if acting in good faith, may accept the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of a shareholder. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment does not correspond to the name of a shareholder, the Corporation, if acting in good faith, may accept the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the shareholder if any of the following apply:

- a. The shareholder is an entity and the name signed purports to be that of an officer or agent of the entity.
- b. The name purports to be that of a personal representative, administrator, executor, guardian or conservator representing the shareholder and, if the Corporation requests, evidence of fiduciary status acceptable to the Corporation is presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment.
- c. The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of the shareholder and, if the Corporation requests, evidence of this status acceptable to the Corporation is presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment.
- d. The name signed purports to be that of a pledgee, beneficial owner, or attorney-in-fact of the shareholder and, if the Corporation requests, evidence acceptable to the Corporation of the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder is presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment.
- e. Two or more persons are the shareholder as co-tenants or fiduciaries and the name signed purports to be the name of at least one of the co-owners and the person signing appears to be acting on behalf of all co-owners.

The Corporation may reject a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment if the Secretary or other officer or agent of the Corporation who is authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder.

13. Waiver of Notice by Shareholders

A shareholder may waive any notice required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation or these By-laws before or after the date and time stated in the notice. The waiver shall be in writing and signed by the shareholder entitled to the notice, contain the same information that would have been required in the notice under applicable provisions of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law (except that the time and place of meeting need not be stated) and be delivered to the Corporation for inclusion in the corporate records. A shareholder's attendance at any Annual Meeting or Special Meeting, in person or by proxy, waives

objection to all of the following: (a) lack of notice or defective notice of the meeting, unless the shareholder at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting; and (b) consideration of a particular matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose described in the meeting notice, unless the shareholder objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

14. Notice of Shareholder Business and Nomination of Directors

a. Annual Meetings.

- (i) Nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors of the Corporation and the proposal of business to be considered by the shareholders may be made at an Annual Meeting (A) pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting, (B) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (C) by any shareholder of the Corporation who is a shareholder of record at the time of giving of notice provided for in this Section 14 and who is entitled to vote at the meeting and complies with the procedures set forth in this Section 14; clause (C) shall be the exclusive means for a shareholder to make nominations or submit other business (other than matters properly brought under Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act and included in the Corporation's notice of meeting) before an Annual Meeting.
- (ii) Without qualification, for nominations or other business to be properly brought before an Annual Meeting by a shareholder pursuant to clause (C) of paragraph (a)(i) of this Section 14, the shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a shareholder's notice shall be received by the Secretary of the Corporation at the principal offices of the Corporation not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day and not later than the close of business on the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's Annual Meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the date of the Annual Meeting is more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than the close of business on the 100th day prior to the date of such Annual Meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of (A) the 75th day prior to the date of such Annual Meeting or (B) the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such Annual Meeting is first made by the Corporation. In no event shall the adjournment or postponement of an Annual Meeting or the announcement thereof commence a new time period for the giving of a shareholder notice as described above. Such shareholder's notice shall be signed by the shareholder of record who intends to make the nomination or introduce the other business (or his duly authorized proxy or other representative), shall bear the date of signature of such shareholder (or proxy or other representative) and shall set forth: (A) the name and address, as they appear on this Corporation's books, of such shareholder and the beneficial owner or owners, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made; (B) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by, and any other economic or equity interests in the Corporation (including but not limited to swaps, futures, hedges, securities loans, options or other rights to acquire, voting rights, short interests, dividend rights and/or any other equity derivatives) owned or held by, such shareholder or beneficial owner or owners; (C) a representation that such shareholder is a holder of record of shares of the Corporation entitled to vote at such meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to make the nomination or introduce the other business specified in the notice; (D) in the case of any proposed nomination for election or re-election as a director, (I) the name and residence address of the person or persons to be nominated, (II) a description of all arrangements or understandings between such shareholder or beneficial owner or owners and each nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination is to be made by such shareholder, (III) such other information

regarding each nominee proposed by such shareholder as would be required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for elections of directors, or would be otherwise required to be disclosed, in each case pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act, including any information that would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to Regulation 14A had the nominee been nominated by the Board of Directors and (IV) the written consent of each nominee to be named in a proxy statement and to serve as a director of the Corporation if so elected; and (E) in the case of any other business that such shareholder proposes to bring before the meeting, (I) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting and, if such business includes a proposal to amend these By-laws, the language of the proposed amendment, (II) such shareholder's and beneficial owner's or owners' reasons for conducting such business at the meeting and (III) any material interest in such business of such shareholder and beneficial owner or owners.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything in the second sentence of paragraph (a)(ii) of this Section 14 to the contrary, in the event that the number of directors to be elected to the Board of Directors of the Corporation is increased and there is no public announcement naming all of the nominees for director or specifying the size of the increased Board of Directors made by the Corporation at least 90 days prior to the first anniversary of the Annual Meeting in the immediately preceding year, a shareholder's notice required by this Section 14 shall also be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for any new positions created by such increase, if it shall be received by the Secretary at the principal offices of the Corporation not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such public announcement is first made by the Corporation.

b. Special Meetings. Only such business shall be conducted at a Special Meeting as shall have been described in the notice of meeting sent to shareholders pursuant to Section 5 of Article II of these By-laws. Nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors may be made at a Special Meeting at which directors are to be elected pursuant to such notice of meeting (i) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (ii) by any shareholder of the Corporation who (A) is a shareholder of record at the time of giving of such notice of meeting, (B) is entitled to vote at the meeting and (C) complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 14. Any shareholder desiring to nominate persons for election to the Board of Directors at such a Special Meeting shall cause a written notice to be received by the Secretary of the Corporation at the principal offices of the Corporation not earlier than ninety days prior to such Special Meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of (x) the 60th day prior to such Special Meeting and (y) the 10th day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of such Special Meeting and of the nominees proposed by the Board of Directors to be elected at such meeting. Such written notice shall be signed by the shareholder of record who intends to make the nomination (or his duly authorized proxy or other representative), shall bear the date of signature of such shareholder (or proxy or other representative) and shall set forth: (A) the name and address, as they appear on the Corporation's books, of such shareholder and the beneficial owner or owners, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made; (B) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by such shareholder or beneficial owner or owners; (C) a representation that such shareholder is a holder of record of shares of the Corporation entitled to vote at such meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to make the nomination specified in the notice; (D) the name and residence address of the person or persons to be nominated; (E) a description of all arrangements or understandings between such shareholder or beneficial owner or owners and each nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination is to be made by such shareholder; (F) such other information regarding each nominee proposed by such shareholder as would be required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for elections of directors, or would be otherwise required to be disclosed, in each case pursuant to Regulation 14A under the

Exchange Act, including any information that would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to Regulation 14A had the nominee been nominated by the Board of Directors; and (G) the written consent of each nominee to be named in a proxy statement and to serve as a director of the Corporation if so elected.

c. General.

- (i) Only persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 14 shall be eligible to serve as directors. Only such business shall be conducted at an Annual Meeting or Special Meeting as shall have been brought before such meeting in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 14. The chairman of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination or any business proposed to be brought before the meeting was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 14 and, if any proposed nomination or business is not in compliance with this Section 14, to declare that such defective proposal shall be disregarded.
- (ii) For purposes of this Section 14, "public announcement" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press or comparable national news service or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.
- (iii) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 14, a shareholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section 14. Nothing in this Section 14 shall be deemed to limit the Corporation's obligation to include shareholder proposals in its proxy statement if such inclusion is required by Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act.

ARTICLE III. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. General Powers

The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors. The Board shall determine the nature and character of the business to be conducted by the Corporation and the method of doing so; what employees, agents, and officers shall be employed and their compensation; and what purchases or contracts for purchase shall be made. The Board may delegate any of its aforesaid powers to committees or to officers, agents, or employees as it may from time to time determine. The Board of Directors may elect from among the directors a Chairman of the Board. Such Chairman may be designated an Executive Chairman or a Non-Executive Chairman (hereinafter to be referred to individually or collectively as the "Chairman"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Chairman shall only be designated as an Executive Chairman if such Chairman is a current or former executive officer of the Corporation. The Chairman shall have such authority as is described in these By-laws or as the Board may from time to time prescribe.

2. Number of Directors

The number of directors of the Corporation shall be ~~45~~14. Until the 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, the directors shall be divided into three classes, designated Class A, Class B, and Class C, and each class shall consist, as nearly as may be possible, of one-third of the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors. From and after the 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, all directors shall be members of only a single class.

3. Term

Commencing with the 2009 annual meeting of shareholders, directors shall be elected annually for terms expiring at the next annual meeting of shareholders and until their successors are elected and qualified, except that any director at the 2009 annual meeting of shareholders whose term expires at the 2010 annual meeting of shareholders or the 2011 annual meeting of shareholders shall continue to hold office until the end of the term for which such director was elected and until such director's successor is duly elected and qualified. From and after the 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, all directors will stand for election annually.

4. Qualifications

No director shall be eligible for election after attaining the age of 72 years. Directors need not be shareholders of the Corporation or residents of the State of Wisconsin.

5. Meetings

The Board of Directors shall hold its meetings at such place or places, within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the Board may from time to time determine.

- a. A meeting of the Board of Directors, to be known as the annual meeting, may be held, without notice, immediately after and at the same place as the annual meeting of the shareholders at which such Board is elected, for the purpose of electing the officers of the Corporation and to transact such other business as may come before the Board. Such annual meeting may be held at a different place than the annual meeting of shareholders and/or on a date subsequent to the annual meeting of shareholders, if notice of such different place and/or date has been given to or waived by all the directors.
- b. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without call and without notice, at such times and in such places as the Board may by resolution from time to time determine.
- c. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called at any time by the Chairman of the Board, the Lead Director, or the Chief Executive Officer and shall be called by the Secretary of the Corporation upon the written request of three or more directors.

6. Notice; Waiver

Notice of each special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given by written notice delivered or communicated in person, by telegraph, teletype, facsimile, electronic mail or other form of wire or wireless communication or electronic transmission, or by mail or private carrier, to each director at his or her business address or at such other address (including electronic mail address) as such director shall have designated in writing filed with the Secretary, in each case not less than 48 hours prior to the meeting. The notice need not prescribe the purpose of the special meeting of the Board of Directors or the business to be transacted at such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail so addressed, with postage thereon prepaid. If notice is given by telegram, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when the telegram is delivered to the telegraph company. If notice is given by facsimile, electronic mail or other form of wire or wireless communication or electronic transmission, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when sent to the provided facsimile number, electronic mail address or other wire or wireless or electronic transmission address. If notice is given by private carrier, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when delivered to the private carrier.

Whenever any notice whatever is required to be given to any director of the Corporation under the Articles of Incorporation or these By-laws or any provision of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, a waiver thereof in writing, signed at any time, whether before or after the date and time of meeting, by the director entitled to such notice shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. The Corporation shall retain any such waiver as part of the permanent corporate records. A director's attendance at or participation in a meeting waives any required notice to him or her of

the meeting unless the director at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon his or her arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting.

7. Quorum

Except as otherwise provided by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law or by the Articles of Incorporation or these By-laws, a majority of the number of directors specified in Section 2 of Article III of these By-laws shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board of Directors. Except as otherwise provided by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these By-laws, a quorum of any committee of the Board of Directors created pursuant to Section 13 hereof shall consist of a majority of the number of directors appointed to serve on the committee. A majority of the directors present (though less than such quorum) may adjourn any meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, as the case may be, from time to time without further notice.

8. Manner of Acting

The affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors or such committee, as the case may be, unless the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these By-laws require the vote of a greater number of directors.

9. Minutes of Meetings

Minutes of any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be prepared and distributed to each director.

10. Vacancies

Vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors shall be filled in the manner provided in Article 5 of the Articles of Incorporation.

11. Compensation

The Board of Directors, irrespective of any personal interest of any of its members, may establish reasonable compensation of all directors for services to the Corporation as directors, officers, or otherwise, or may delegate such authority to an appropriate committee. The Board of Directors also shall have authority to provide for or delegate authority to an appropriate committee to provide for reasonable pensions, disability or death benefits, and other benefits or payments, to directors, officers, and employees and to their estates, families, dependents, or beneficiaries on account of prior services rendered by such directors, officers, and employees to the Corporation.

12. Presumption of Assent

A director who is present and is announced as present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof created in accordance with Section 13 of this Article III, when corporate action is taken, assents to the action taken unless any of the following occurs:

- a. The director objects at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon his or her arrival to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting;
- b. The director's dissent or abstention from the action taken is entered in the minutes of the meeting; or

- c. The director delivers written notice that complies with the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law of his or her dissent or abstention to the presiding officer of the meeting before its adjournment or to the Corporation immediately after adjournment of the meeting.

Such right of dissent or abstention shall not apply to a director who votes in favor of the action taken.

13. Committees

The Board of Directors by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of all of the directors then in office may create one or more committees, appoint members of the Board of Directors to serve on the committees and designate other members of the Board of Directors to serve as alternates. Each committee shall have at least one member who shall, unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. A committee may be authorized to exercise the authority of the Board of Directors, except that a committee may not do any of the following: (a) approve or recommend to shareholders for approval any action or matter expressly required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, Chapter 180 of the Wisconsin Statutes, to be submitted to shareholders for approval; and (b) adopt, amend or repeal any By-Law of the Corporation. Unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors in creating the committee, a committee may employ counsel, accountants and other consultants to assist it in the exercise of its authority.

14. Telephonic Meetings

Except as herein provided and notwithstanding any place set forth in the notice of the meeting or these By-laws, members of the Board of Directors (and any committees thereof created pursuant to Section 13 of this Article III) may participate in regular or special meetings by, or through the use of, any means of communication by which all participants may simultaneously hear each other, such as by conference telephone. If a meeting is conducted by such means, then at the commencement of such meeting the presiding officer shall inform the participating directors that a meeting is taking place at which official business may be transacted. Any participant in a meeting by such means shall be deemed present in person at such meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no action may be taken at any meeting held by such means on any particular matter which the presiding officer determines, in his or her sole discretion, to be inappropriate under the circumstances for action at a meeting held by such means. Such determination shall be made and announced in advance of such meeting.

15. Action without Meeting

Any action required or permitted by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof created pursuant to Section 13 of this Article III may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all members of the Board or of the committee. The action shall be evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by each director or committee member, and retained by the Corporation. Such action shall be effective when the last director or committee member signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

16. Conduct of Meeting

If a Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be elected, he or she shall preside as Chairman of all meetings of the shareholders and of the Board of Directors. If there is no Chairman of the Board, or in the absence of the Chairman, the presiding officer at meetings of the shareholders, and of the Board of Directors shall be the Lead Director, if any, or in the absence of the Lead Director, if any, another officer in the following order of priority: Chief Executive Officer, President and Vice Presidents (subject, however, to Section 5 of Article IV).

ARTICLE IV. OFFICERS

1. Principal Officers

The principal officers of the Corporation ~~required by statute shall be a President~~ shall be a Chief Executive Officer, one or more Presidents as may be elected by the Board of Directors, such number of Vice Presidents as may be elected by the Board of Directors, a Secretary, and a Treasurer. The Board of Directors may elect from among the directors an Executive Chairman of the Board, ~~may elect any principal officer as the Chief Executive Officer~~ and may elect such assistant secretaries and assistant treasurers and other officers as it shall deem necessary, and may prescribe by resolution their respective powers and duties.

2. Executive Chairman of the Board

If elected pursuant to Section 1 of this Article IV and Section 1 of Article III of these By-laws, the Executive Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and directors at which he or she is present. The Executive Chairman of the Board shall possess the same powers and authority as the Chief Executive Officer possesses pursuant to Sections 43(b) and (c) of this Article IV. He or she shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as are incident to the office of Executive Chairman of the Board and as may be prescribed by the Board. The Executive Chairman may use the title Executive Chairman, Executive Chairman of the Board, Chairman or Chairman of the Board interchangeably.

3. President

~~The President shall be elected by the directors. Unless the Board of Directors otherwise prescribes, he or she shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation. In the event that the President is not the Chief Executive Officer, he or she shall have such powers and duties as the Board of Directors may prescribe.~~
4. Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer shall exercise active supervision over the business, property, and affairs of the Corporation.

- a. The Chief Executive Officer shall have authority, subject to such rules as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board or its committees, to appoint agents or employees other than those elected by the Board, to prescribe their powers and duties, and to delegate such authority as he or she may see fit.
- b. The Chief Executive Officer is authorized to sign, execute, and acknowledge, on behalf of the Corporation, all deeds, mortgages, bonds, notes, debentures, contracts, leases, reports and other documents and instruments, except where the signing and execution thereof by some other officer or agent shall be expressly authorized and directed by law or by the Board or by these By-laws. Unless otherwise provided by law or by the Board, the Chief Executive Officer may authorize any officer, employee, or agent to sign, execute, and acknowledge, on behalf of the Corporation, and in his or her place and stead, all such documents and instruments.
- c. Unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, or a proxy appointed by him or her, shall have full power and authority, in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, to attend, act, and vote at any meeting of the shareholders of any other corporation in which the Corporation may hold shares of stock. At any such meeting, he or she shall possess and may exercise any and all rights and powers incident to the ownership of shares of stock.
- d. The Chief Executive Officer shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as are incident to the office of Chief Executive Officer and as may be prescribed by the Board.

4. President or Presidents

The President or Presidents shall assist the Chief Executive Officer in exercising general supervision over the business, property and affairs of the Corporation and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, by the Executive Chairman of the Board or by the Chief Executive Officer, including the power to sign, execute and acknowledge all documents and instruments referred to in Section 3 of this Article IV. The Board of Directors may designate a President as the principal or Chief Executive Officer and/or as the principal or Chief Operating Officer. In the event there is more than one President, (a) one President shall be designated as the Chief Executive Officer and (b) the other President(s) may be assigned responsibility for a designated group, division or function of the business of the Corporation, with an appropriate descriptive designation added to his or her title, and he or she shall have authority over that group, division or function. During the absence or disability of the Chief Executive Officer, or while that office is vacant, the President shall exercise all the powers and discharge all of the duties of the Chief Executive Officer.

5. Vice Presidents

In the absence of ~~the~~ President or during his or her inability or refusal to act, his or her powers and duties shall temporarily devolve upon such Vice Presidents or other officers as shall be designated by the Board of Directors or, if not designated by the Board, by the Executive Chairman of the Board, by the Chief Executive Officer or other officer to whom such power may be delegated by the Board; provided, that no Vice President or other officer shall act as a member or chairman of any committee of the Board of Directors of which the Chief Executive Officer or ~~the~~ President is a member or chairman, except at the direction of the Board.

- a. Each Vice President shall have such powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the Board, by the Executive Chairman of the Board, ~~or~~ by the Chief Executive Officer ~~or by the President~~, including the power to sign, execute, and acknowledge all documents and instruments referred to in Section ~~43~~ of this Article.
- b. The Board may assign to any Vice President, general supervision and charge over any branch of the business and affairs of the Corporation, subject to such limitations as it may elect to impose.
- c. The Board of Directors may, if it chooses, designate one or more of the Vice Presidents "Executive Vice President" with such powers and duties as the Board shall prescribe.

6. Secretary

The Secretary shall attend, and keep the minutes of meetings of the shareholders, of the Board of Directors and, unless otherwise directed by any such committee, of all committees, in books provided for that purpose; shall have custody of the corporate records and seal; shall see that notices are given and records and reports properly kept and filed as required by law or by these By-laws; and, in general, shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as are incident to the office of Secretary and as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, the Executive Chairman of the Board, ~~or~~ the Chief Executive Officer ~~or the President~~.

7. Assistant Secretaries

In the absence of the Secretary, or during his or her inability or refusal to act, his or her powers and duties shall temporarily devolve upon such one of the Assistant Secretaries as the Executive Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Board of Directors may direct. The Assistant Secretaries shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to them by the Board, the Executive Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Secretary.

8. Treasurer

The Treasurer shall have charge and custody of the funds, securities, and other evidences of value of the Corporation, and shall keep and deposit them as required by the Board of Directors. He or she shall keep proper accounts of all receipts and disbursements and of the financial transactions of the Corporation. He or she shall render statements of such accounts and of money received and disbursed by him or her and of property and money belonging to the Corporation as required by the Board. The Treasurer shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as are incident to the office of Treasurer and as from time to time may be prescribed by the Board, the Executive Chairman of the Board, or the Chief Executive Officer ~~or the President~~.

9. Assistant Treasurers

In the absence of the Treasurer, or during his or her inability or refusal to act, his or her powers and duties shall temporarily devolve upon such one of the Assistant Treasurers as the Executive Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Board of Directors may direct. The Assistant Treasurers shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to them, respectively, by the Board, the Executive Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the President~~ or the Treasurer.

10. Other Assistants and Acting Officers

The Board of Directors shall have the power to appoint any person to act as assistant to any officer, or as agent for the Corporation in his or her stead, or to perform the duties of such officer whenever for any reason it is impracticable for such officer to act personally, and such assistant or acting officer or other agent so appointed by the Board of Directors or an authorized officer shall have the power to perform all the duties of the office to which he or she is so appointed to be an assistant, or as to which he or she is so appointed to act, except as such power may be otherwise defined or restricted by the Board of Directors.

11. Compensation

The salaries or other compensation of all officers elected as provided under Section 1 of this Article (other than assistant officers) shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors. The salaries or other compensation of all other agents and employees of the Corporation shall be fixed from time to time by the Chief Executive Officer, but only within such limits as to amount, and in accordance with such other conditions as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

12. Tenure

Each officer shall hold office until his or her successor shall have been duly elected and qualified, or until his or her death, resignation, disqualification, or removal. Any officer, agent, or employee may be removed, with or without cause, at any time by the Board of Directors notwithstanding the contract rights, if any, of the officer removed. The appointment of an officer does not of itself create contract rights.

13. Resignation

An officer may resign at any time by delivering notice to the Corporation that complies with the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law. The resignation shall be effective when the notice is delivered, unless the notice specifies a later effective date and the Corporation accepts the later effective date.

14. Vacancies

Any vacancy in any office may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term. If a resignation of an officer is effective at a later date as contemplated by Section 13 of this Article IV, the Board of Directors may fill the pending vacancy before the effective date if the Board provides that the successor may not take office until the effective date.

15. Reassignment of Duties

In case of the absence or disability of any officer of the Corporation, or for any other reason deemed sufficient by the Board of Directors, the Board may reassign or delegate the powers and duties, or any of them, to any other officer, director, or person it may select.

ARTICLE V. CERTIFICATES FOR AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

1. Form of Shares

- a. Certificates representing shares of the Corporation shall be in such form as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. All certificates for shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer books of the Corporation. All certificates surrendered for the transfer shall be cancelled and no new certificate shall be issued until the former certificate for a like number of shares shall have been surrendered and cancelled, except in case of a lost or destroyed certificate provided for in Section 4 of this Article V or a certificate for shares transferred in compliance with the escheat laws of any state.
- b. Shares of the Corporation may also be issued, without certificates to the full extent such issuance is allowed by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law and the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. To the extent required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, within a reasonable time after the issuance or transfer of shares without a certificate, the Corporation shall send to the registered owner thereof a written notice that shall set forth (a) the name of the Corporation; (b) that the Corporation is organized under the laws of the State of Wisconsin; (c) the name of the shareholder; (d) the number and class (and the designation of the series, if any) of the shares represented; (e) if applicable, a summary of the designations, relative rights, preferences and limitation applicable to each class, and, if applicable, the variations in rights, preferences and limitations determined for each series and the authority of the Board of Directors to determine variations for future series (or a conspicuous statement that upon written request the Corporation will furnish the shareholder with this information without charge); and (f) if applicable, any restrictions on the transfer or registration of such shares of stock imposed by the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, these By-Laws, any agreement among shareholders or any agreement between shareholders and the Corporation.

2. Signatures

Certificates representing shares of the Corporation shall be signed by the Executive Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, ~~the~~ President or a Vice President and by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary; and may be sealed with the seal of the Corporation (which may be a facsimile) and countersigned and registered in such manner, if any, as the Board of Directors may prescribe. Whenever any certificate is manually signed on behalf of a transfer agent, or a registrar, other than the Corporation itself or an employee of the Corporation, the signatures of the Executive Chairman of the Board, ~~the~~ Chief Executive Officer, ~~the~~ President, Vice President, Secretary, or Assistant Secretary, upon such certificate may be facsimiles. In case any officer who has signed, or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon such certificate, ceases to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued with the same effect as if he or she were such officer at the date of its issue.

3. Restrictions on Transfer

The face or reverse side of each certificate representing shares shall bear a conspicuous notation of any restriction imposed by the Corporation upon the transfer of such shares.

4. Lost, Destroyed, or Stolen Certificates

Where the owner claims that his or her certificate for shares has been lost, destroyed, or wrongfully taken, the Corporation may issue (a) a new certificate or certificates for shares or (b) uncertificated shares in place thereof if the owner:

- a. So requests before the Corporation has notice that such shares have been acquired by a bona fide purchaser;
- b. Files with the Corporation a sufficient indemnity bond; and
- c. Satisfies such other reasonable requirements as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

5. Transfer of Shares

Prior to due presentment of shares for registration of transfer the Corporation may treat the registered owner of such shares as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notifications, and otherwise to have and exercise all the rights and powers of an owner. Where shares are presented to the Corporation with a request to register for transfer, the Corporation shall not be liable to the owner or any other person suffering loss as a result of such registration of transfer if:

- a. There were on or with the certificate the necessary endorsements, or, with respect to uncertificated shares, proper transfer instructions are received; and
- b. The Corporation had no duty to inquire into adverse claims or has discharged any such duty.

The Corporation may require reasonable assurance that said endorsements or transfer instructions are genuine and effective and compliance with such other regulations as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

6. Consideration for Shares

The Board of Directors may authorize shares to be issued for consideration consisting of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the Corporation, including cash, promissory notes, services performed, contracts for services to be performed or other securities of the Corporation. Before the Corporation issues shares, the Board of Directors shall determine that the consideration received or to be received for the shares to be issued is adequate. The

determination of the Board of Directors is conclusive insofar as the adequacy of consideration for the issuance of shares relates to whether the shares are validly issued, fully paid, and nonassessable. The Corporation may place in escrow shares issued in whole or in part for a contract for future services or benefits, a promissory note, or otherwise for property to be issued in the future, or make other arrangements to restrict the transfer of the shares, and may credit distributions in respect of the shares against their purchase price, until the services are performed, the benefits or property are received, or the promissory note is paid. If the services are not performed, the benefits or property are not received, or the promissory note is not paid, the Corporation may cancel, in whole or in part, the shares escrowed or restricted and the distributions credited.

7. Other Rules

The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make all such further rules and regulations not inconsistent with the statutes of the State of Wisconsin as it may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer, and registration of shares of the Corporation, including the appointment and designation of Transfer Agents and Registrars.

ARTICLE VI. INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

1. Mandatory Indemnification

- a. In all cases other than those set forth in Section 1b hereof, subject to the conditions and limitations set forth hereinafter in this Article VI, the Corporation shall indemnify and hold harmless any person who is or was a party, or is threatened to be made a party, to any Action (see Section 16 of this Article VI for definitions of capitalized terms used herein) by reason of his or her status as an Executive, and/or as to acts performed in the course of such Executive's duties to the Corporation and/or an Affiliate, against Liabilities and reasonable Expenses incurred by or on behalf of an Executive in connection with any Action, including, without limitation, in connection with the investigation, defense, settlement or appeal of any Action; provided, pursuant to Section 3 of this Article VI, that it is not determined by the Authority, or by a court, that the Executive engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty.
- b. To the extent an Executive has been successful on the merits or otherwise in connection with any Action, including, without limitation, the settlement, dismissal, abandonment, or withdrawal of any such Action where the Executive does not pay, incur, or assume any material Liabilities, or in connection with any claim, issue, or matter therein, he or she shall be indemnified by the Corporation against reasonable Expenses incurred by or on behalf of him or her in connection therewith. The Corporation shall pay such Expenses to the Executive (net of all Expenses, if any, previously advanced to the Executive pursuant to Section 2 of this Article VI), or to such other person or entity as the Executive may designate in writing to the Corporation, within ten days after the receipt of the Executive's written request therefor, without regard to the provisions of Section 3 of this Article VI. In the event the Corporation refuses to pay such requested Expenses, the Executive may petition a court to order the Corporation to make such payment pursuant to Section 4 of this Article VI.
- c. Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this Article VI to the contrary, the Corporation shall not:
 - (1) Indemnify, contribute, or advance Expenses to an Executive with respect to any Action initiated or brought voluntarily by the Executive and not by way of defense, except with respect to Actions:
 - (a) brought to establish or enforce a right to indemnification, contribution, and/or an advance of Expenses under Section 4 of this Article VI, under

the Statute as it may then be in effect or under any other statute or law or otherwise as required;

(b) initiated or brought voluntarily by an Executive to the extent such Executive is successful on the merits or otherwise in connection with such an Action in accordance with and pursuant to Section 1b of this Article VI; or

(c) as to which the Board determines it to be appropriate.

(2) indemnify the Executive under this Article VI for any amounts paid in settlement of any Action effected without the Corporation's written consent.

The Corporation shall not settle in any manner which would impose any Liabilities or other type of limitation on the Executive without the Executive's written consent. Neither the Corporation nor the Executive shall unreasonably withhold their consent to any proposed settlement.

d. An Executive's conduct with respect to an employee benefit plan sponsored by or otherwise associated with the Corporation and/or an Affiliate for a purpose he or she reasonably believes to be in the interests of the participants in and beneficiaries of such plan is conduct that does not constitute a breach or failure to perform his or her duties to the Corporation or an Affiliate, as the case may be.

2. Advance for Expenses

a. The Corporation shall pay to an Executive, or to such other person or entity as the Executive may designate in writing to the Corporation, his or her reasonable Expenses incurred by or on behalf of such Executive in connection with any Action, or claim, issue, or matter associated with any such Action, in advance of the final disposition or conclusion of any such Action (or claim, issue, or matter associated with any such Action), within ten days after the receipt of the Executive's written request therefor; provided, the following conditions are satisfied:

(1) The Executive has first requested an advance of such Expenses in writing (and delivered a copy of such request to the Corporation) from the insurance carrier(s), if any, to whom a claim has been reported under an applicable insurance policy purchased by the Corporation and each such insurance carrier, if any, has declined to make such an advance;

(2) The Executive furnishes to the Corporation an executed written certificate affirming his or her good faith belief that he or she has not engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty; and

(3) The Executive furnishes to the Corporation an executed written agreement to repay any advances made under this Section 2 if it is ultimately determined that he or she is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation for such Expenses pursuant to this Article VI.

b. If the Corporation makes an advance of Expenses to an Executive pursuant to this Section 2, the Corporation shall be subrogated to every right of recovery the Executive may have against any insurance carrier from whom the Corporation has purchased insurance for such purpose.

3. Determination of Right to Indemnification

a. Except as otherwise set forth in this Section 3 or in Section 1c of this Article VI, any indemnification to be provided to an Executive by the Corporation under Section 1a of this

Article VI upon the final disposition or conclusion of any Action, or any claim, issue, or matter associated with any such Action, unless otherwise ordered by a court, shall be paid by the Corporation to the Executive (net of all Expenses, if any, previously advanced to the Executive pursuant to Section 2 of this Article VI), or to such other person or entity as the Executive may designate in writing to the Corporation, within 60 days after the receipt of the Executive's written request therefor. Such request shall include an accounting of all amounts for which indemnification is being sought. No further corporate authorization for such payment shall be required other than this Section 3.

- b. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the payment of such requested indemnifiable amounts pursuant to Section 1a of this Article VI may be denied by the Corporation if:
 - (1) the Board by a majority vote thereof determines that the Executive has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty; or
 - (2) a majority of the directors of the Corporation are a party in interest to such Action.
- c. In either event of nonpayment pursuant to Section 3b of this Article VI, the Board shall immediately authorize and direct, by resolution, that an independent determination be made as to whether the Executive has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty and, therefore, whether indemnification of the Executive is proper pursuant to this Article VI.
- d. Such independent determination shall be made, at the option of the Executive(s) seeking indemnification, by:
 - (1) A panel of three arbitrators (selected as set forth below in Section 3f from the panels of arbitrators of the American Arbitration Association) in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in accordance with the Commercial Arbitration Rules then prevailing of the American Arbitration Association;
 - (2) An independent legal counsel mutually selected by the Executive(s) seeking indemnification and the Board by a majority vote of a quorum thereof consisting of directors who were not parties in interest to such Action (or, if such quorum is not obtainable, by the majority vote of the entire Board); or
 - (3) A court in accordance with Section 4 of this Article VI.
- e. In any such determination there shall exist a rebuttable presumption that the Executive has not engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty and is, therefore, entitled to indemnification hereunder. The burden of rebutting such presumption by clear and convincing evidence shall be on the Corporation.
- f. If a panel of arbitrators is to be employed hereunder, one of such arbitrators shall be selected by the Board by a majority vote of a quorum thereof consisting of directors who were not parties in interest to such Action or, if such quorum is not obtainable, by an independent legal counsel chosen by the majority vote of the entire Board, the second by the Executive(s) seeking indemnification, and the third by the previous two arbitrators.
- g. The Authority shall make its independent determination hereunder within 60 days of being selected and shall simultaneously submit a written opinion of its conclusions to both the Corporation and the Executive.
- h. If the Authority determines that an Executive is entitled to be indemnified for any amounts pursuant to this Article VI, the Corporation shall pay such amounts to the Executive (net of all Expenses, if any, previously advanced to the Executive pursuant to Section 2 of this Article VI), including interest thereon as provided in Section 6c of this Article VI, or such

other person or entity as the Executive may designate in writing to the Corporation, within ten days of receipt of such opinion.

- i. Except with respect to any judicial determination pursuant to Section 4 of this Article VI, the Expenses associated with the indemnification process set forth in this Section 3 of this Article VI, including, without limitation, the Expenses of the Authority selected hereunder, shall be paid by the Corporation.

4. Court-Ordered Indemnification and Advance for Expenses

- a. An Executive may, either before or within two years after a determination, if any, has been made by the Authority, petition the court before which such Action was brought or any other court of competent jurisdiction to independently determine whether or not he or she has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty and is, therefore, entitled to indemnification under the provisions of this Article VI. Such court shall thereupon have the exclusive authority to make such determination unless and until such court dismisses or otherwise terminates such proceeding without having made such determination. An Executive may petition a court under this Section 4 either to seek an initial determination by the court as authorized by Section 3d of this Article VI or to seek review by the court of a previous adverse determination by the Authority.
- b. The court shall make its independent determination irrespective of any prior determination made by the Authority; provided, however, that there shall exist a rebuttable presumption that the Executive has not engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty and is, therefore, entitled to indemnification hereunder. The burden of rebutting such presumption by clear and convincing evidence shall be on the Corporation.
- c. In the event the court determines that an Executive has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty, it may nonetheless order indemnification to be paid by the Corporation if it determines that the Executive is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnification in view of all of the circumstances of such Action.
- d. In the event the Corporation does not:
 - (1) Advance Expenses to the Executive within ten days of such Executive's compliance with Section 2 of this Article VI; or
 - (2) Indemnify an Executive with respect to requested Expenses under Section 1b of this Article VI within ten days of such Executive's written request therefor, the Executive may petition the court before which such Action was brought, if any, or any other court of competent jurisdiction to order the Corporation to pay such reasonable Expenses immediately. Such court, after giving any notice it considers necessary, shall order the Corporation to pay such Expenses if it determines that the Executive has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 2 of this Article VI or 1b of this Article VI, as the case may be.
- e. If the court determines pursuant to this Section 4 that the Executive is entitled to be indemnified for any Liabilities and/or Expenses, or to the advance of Expenses, unless otherwise ordered by such court, the Corporation shall pay such Liabilities and/or Expenses to the Executive (net of all Expenses, if any, previously advanced to the Executive pursuant to Section 2 of this Article VI), including interest thereon as provided in Section 6c of this Article VI, or to such other person or entity as the Executive may designate in writing to the Corporation, within ten days of the rendering of such determination.
- f. An Executive shall pay all Expenses incurred by such Executive in connection with the judicial determination provided in this Section 4, unless it shall ultimately be determined by the court that he or she is entitled, in whole or in part, to be indemnified by, or to

receive an advance from, the Corporation as authorized by this Article VI. All Expenses incurred by an Executive in connection with any subsequent appeal of the judicial determination provided for in this Section 4 shall be paid by the Executive regardless of the disposition of such appeal.

5. Termination of an Action is Nonconclusive

The adverse termination of any Action against an Executive by judgment, order settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of no contest or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the Executive has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty.

6. Partial Indemnification; Reasonableness; Interest

- a. If it is determined by the Authority, or by a court, that an Executive is entitled to indemnification as to some claims, issues, or matters, but not as to other claims, issues, or matters, involved in any Action, the Authority, or the court, shall authorize the proration and payment by the Corporation of such Liabilities and/or reasonable Expenses with respect to which indemnification is sought by the Executive, among such claims, issues, or matters as the Authority, or the court, shall deem appropriate in light of all of the circumstances of such Action.
- b. If it is determined by the Authority, or by a court, that certain Expenses incurred by or on behalf of an Executive are for whatever reason unreasonable in amount, the Authority, or the court, shall nonetheless authorize indemnification to be paid by the Corporation to the Executive for such Expenses as the Authority, or the court, shall deem reasonable in light of all of the circumstances of such Action.
- c. Interest shall be paid by the Corporation to an Executive, to the extent deemed appropriate by the Authority, or by a court, at a reasonable interest rate, for amounts for which the Corporation indemnifies or advances to the Executive.

7. Insurance; Subrogation

- a. The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was an Executive of the Corporation, and/or is or was serving as an Executive of an Affiliate, against Liabilities and/or Expenses asserted against him or her and/or incurred by or on behalf of him or her in any such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such an Executive, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him or her against such Liabilities and/or Expenses under this Article VI or under the Statute as it may then be in effect. Except as expressly provided herein, the purchase and maintenance of such insurance shall not in any way limit or affect the rights and obligations of the Corporation and/or any Executive under this Article VI. Such insurance may, but need not, be for the benefit of all Executives of the Corporation and those serving as an Executive of an Affiliate.
- b. If an Executive shall receive payment from any insurance carrier or from the plaintiff in any Action against such Executive in respect of indemnified amounts after payments on account of all or part of such indemnified amounts have been made by the Corporation pursuant to this Article VI, such Executive shall promptly reimburse the Corporation for the amount, if any, by which the sum of such payment by such insurance carrier or such plaintiff and payments by the Corporation to such Executive exceeds such indemnified amounts; provided, however, that such portions, if any, of such insurance proceeds that are required to be reimbursed to the insurance carrier under the terms of its insurance policy, such as deductible, retention, or co-insurance amounts, shall not be deemed to be payments to such Executive hereunder.
- c. Upon payment of indemnified amounts under this Article VI, the Corporation shall be subrogated to such Executive's rights against any insurance carrier in respect of such

indemnified amounts and the Executive shall execute and deliver any and all instruments and/or documents and perform any and all other acts or deeds which the Corporation shall deem necessary or advisable to secure such rights. The Executive shall do nothing to prejudice such rights of recovery or subrogation.

8. Witness Expenses

The Corporation shall advance or reimburse any and all reasonable Expenses incurred by or on behalf of an Executive in connection with his or her appearance as a witness in any Action at a time when he or she has not been formally named a defendant or respondent to such an Action, within ten days after the receipt of an Executive's written request therefor.

9. Contribution

- a. Subject to the limitations of this Section 9, if the indemnity provided for in Section 1 of this Article VI is unavailable to an Executive for any reason whatsoever, the Corporation, in lieu of indemnifying the Executive, shall contribute to the amount incurred by or on behalf of the Executive, whether for Liabilities and/or for reasonable Expenses in connection with any Action in such proportion as deemed fair and reasonable by the Authority, or by a court, in light of all of the circumstances of any such Action, in order to reflect:
 - (1) The relative benefits received by the Corporation and the Executive as a result of the event(s) and/or transaction(s) giving cause to such Action; and/or
 - (2) The relative fault of the Corporation (and its other Executives, employees, and/or agents) and the Executive in connection with such event(s) and/or transaction(s).
- b. The relative fault of the Corporation (and its other Executives, employees, and/or agents), on the one hand, and of the Executive, on the other hand, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information, and opportunity to correct or prevent the circumstances resulting in such Liabilities and/or Expenses. The Corporation agrees that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 9 were determined by pro rata allocation or any other method of allocation which does not take account of the foregoing equitable considerations.
- c. An Executive shall not be entitled to contribution from the Corporation under this Section 9 in the event it is determined by the Authority, or by a court, that the Executive has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty.
- d. The Corporation's payment of, and an Executive's right to, contribution under this Section 9 shall be made and determined in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions in Sections 3 and/or 4 of this Article VI relating to the Corporation's payment of, and the Executive's right to, indemnification under this Article VI.

10. Indemnification of Employees

Unless otherwise specifically set forth in this Article VI, the Corporation shall indemnify and hold harmless any person who is or was a party, or is threatened to be made a party to any Action by reason of his or her status as, or the fact that he or she is or was an employee or authorized agent or representative of the Corporation and/or an Affiliate as to acts performed in the course and within the scope of such employee's, agent's, or representative's duties to the Corporation and/or an Affiliate, in accordance with and to the fullest extent permitted by the Statute as it may then be in effect.

11. Severability

If any provision of this Article VI shall be deemed invalid or inoperative, or if a court of competent jurisdiction determines that any of the provisions of this Article VI contravene public policy, this Article VI shall be construed so that the remaining provisions shall not be affected, but shall remain in full force and effect, and any such provisions which are invalid or inoperative or which contravene public policy shall be deemed, without further Action or deed by or on behalf of the Corporation, to be modified, amended, and/or limited, but only to the extent necessary to render the same valid and enforceable, and the Corporation shall indemnify an Executive as to Liabilities and reasonable Expenses with respect to any Action to the full extent permitted by any applicable provision of this Article VI that shall not have been invalidated and to the full extent otherwise permitted by the Statute as it may then be in effect.

12. Nonexclusivity of Article VI

The right to indemnification, contribution, and advancement of Expenses provided to an Executive by this Article VI shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to indemnification, contribution, and/or advancement of Expenses which any Executive or other employee or agent of the Corporation and/or of an Affiliate may be entitled under any charter provision, written agreement, resolution, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors of the Corporation or otherwise, including, without limitation, under the Statute as it may then be in effect, both as to acts in his or her official capacity as such Executive or other employee or agent of the Corporation and/or of an Affiliate or as to acts in any other capacity while holding such office or position, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify, contribute, and/or advance Expenses to the Executive under this Article VI or under the Statute; provided that it is not determined that the Executive or other employee or agent has engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty.

13. Notice to the Corporation; Defense of Actions

- a. An Executive shall promptly notify the Corporation in writing upon being served with or having actual knowledge of any citation, summons, complaint, indictment, or any other similar document relating to any Action which may result in a claim of indemnification, contribution, or advancement of Expenses hereunder, but the omission so to notify the Corporation will not relieve the Corporation from any liability which it may have to the Executive otherwise than under this Article VI unless the Corporation shall have been irreparably prejudiced by such omission.
- b. With respect to any such Action as to which an Executive notifies the Corporation of the commencement thereof:
 - (1) The Corporation shall be entitled to participate therein at its own expense; and
 - (2) Except as otherwise provided below, to the extent that it may wish, the Corporation (or any other indemnifying party, including any insurance carrier, similarly notified by the Corporation or the Executive) shall be entitled to assume the defense thereof, with counsel selected by the Corporation (or such other indemnifying party) and reasonably satisfactory to the Executive.
- c. After notice from the Corporation (or such other indemnifying party) to the Executive of its election to assume the defense of an Action, the Corporation shall not be liable to the Executive under this Article VI for any Expenses subsequently incurred by the Executive in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation or as otherwise provided below. The Executive shall have the right to employ his or her own counsel in such Action but the Expenses of such counsel incurred after notice from the Corporation (or such other indemnifying party) of its assumption of the defense thereof shall be at the expense of the Executive unless:
 - (1) The employment of counsel by the Executive has been authorized by the Corporation;

- (2) The Executive shall have reasonably concluded that there may be a conflict of interest between the Corporation (or such other indemnifying party) and the Executive in the conduct of the defense of such Action; or
- (3) The Corporation (or such other indemnifying party) shall not in fact have employed counsel to assume the defense of such Action, in each of which cases the Expenses of counsel shall be at the expense of the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be entitled to assume the defense of any Derivative Action or any Action as to which the Executive shall have made the conclusion provided for in clause (2) above.

14. Continuity of Rights and Obligations

The terms and provisions of this Article VI shall continue as to an Executive subsequent to the Termination Date and such terms and provisions shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, estate, executors, and administrators of such Executive and the successors and assigns of the Corporation, including, without limitation, any successor to the Corporation by way of merger, consolidation, and/or sale or disposition of all or substantially all of the assets or capital stock of the Corporation. Except as provided herein, all rights and obligations of the Corporation and the Executive hereunder shall continue in full force and effect despite the subsequent amendment or modification of the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation, as such are in effect on the date hereof, and such rights and obligations shall not be affected by any such amendment or modification, any resolution of directors or shareholders of the Corporation, or by any other corporate action which conflicts with or purports to amend, modify, limit, or eliminate any of the rights or obligations of the Corporation and/or of the Executive hereunder.

15. Amendment

This Article VI may only be altered, amended, or repealed by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shareholders of the Corporation so entitled to vote; provided, however, that the Board may alter or amend this Article VI without such shareholder approval if any such alteration or amendment:

- a. Is made in order to conform to any amendment or revision of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, including, without limitation, the Statute, which
 - (1) Expands or permits the expansion of an Executive's right to indemnification thereunder;
 - (2) Limits or eliminates, or permits the limitation or elimination, of liability of the Executives; or
 - (3) Is otherwise beneficial to the Executives; or
- b. In the sole judgment and discretion of the Board, does not materially adversely affect the rights and protections of the shareholders of the Corporation.

Any repeal, modification, or amendment of this Article VI shall not adversely affect any rights or protections of an Executive existing under this Article VI immediately prior to the time of such repeal, modification, or amendment and any such repeal, modification, or amendment shall have a prospective effect only.

16. Certain Definitions

The following terms as used in this Article VI shall be defined as follows:

- a. "Action(s)" shall include, without limitation, any threatened, pending, or completed action, claim, litigation, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative, or investigative, whether predicated on foreign, Federal, state, or local law, whether brought under and/or predicated upon the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and/or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and/or their respective state counterparts and/or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, whether a Derivative Action and whether formal or informal.
- b. "Affiliate" shall include, without limitation, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, employee benefit plan, trust, or other similar enterprise that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Corporation.
- c. "Authority" shall mean the panel of arbitrators or independent legal counsel selected under Section 3 of this Article VI.
- d. "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Corporation.
- e. "Breach of Duty" shall mean the Executive breached or failed to perform his or her duties to the Corporation or an Affiliate, as the case may be, and the Executive's breach of or failure to perform those duties constituted:
 - (1) A willful failure to deal fairly with the Corporation (or an Affiliate) or its shareholders in connection with a matter in which the Executive has a material conflict of interest;
 - (2) A violation of the criminal law, unless the Executive:
 - (a) Had reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was lawful; or
 - (b) Had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful;
 - (3) A transaction from which the Executive derived an improper personal profit (unless such profit is determined to be immaterial in light of all the circumstances of the Action); or
 - (4) Willful misconduct.
- f. "Derivative Action" shall mean any Action brought by or in the right of the Corporation and/or an Affiliate.
- g. "Executive(s)" shall mean any individual who is, was, or has agreed to become a director and/or officer of the Corporation and/or an Affiliate.
- h. "Expenses" shall include, without limitation, all expenses, fees, costs, charges, attorneys' fees and disbursements, other out-of-pocket costs, reasonable compensation for time spent by the Executive in connection with the Action for which he or she is not otherwise compensated by the Corporation, any Affiliate, any third party or other entity, and any and all other direct and indirect costs of any type or nature whatsoever.
- i. "Liabilities" shall include, without limitation, judgments, amounts incurred in settlement, fines, penalties and, with respect to any employee benefit plan, any excise tax or penalty incurred in connection therewith, and any and all other liabilities of every type or nature whatsoever.
- j. "Statute" shall mean Wisconsin Business Corporation Law Sections 180.0850-180.0859 (or any successor provisions).

- k. "Termination Date" shall mean the date an Executive ceases, for whatever reason, to serve in an employment relationship with the Company and/or any Affiliate.

ARTICLE VII. SEAL

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors shall provide a corporate seal which shall be circular in form and shall have inscribed thereon the words "INTEGRYS ENERGY GROUP, INC., CORPORATE SEAL." The continued use for any purpose of any former corporate seal or facsimile thereof shall have the same effect as the use of the corporate seal or facsimile thereof in the form provided by the preceding sentence.

ARTICLE VIII. AMENDMENTS

1. The Board of Directors shall have authority to adopt, amend, or repeal the By-laws of this Corporation upon affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors at a meeting of the Board, the notice of which shall have included notice of the proposed amendment; but the Board of Directors shall have no power to amend any By-law or to reinstate any By-law repealed by the shareholders unless the shareholders shall hereafter confer such authority upon the Board of Directors.
2. The shareholders shall have power to adopt, amend, or repeal any of the By-laws of the Corporation, at any regular or special meeting of the shareholders, in accordance with the provisions of Article II of these By-laws. There shall be included in the notice of such regular or special meeting a statement of the nature of any amendment that is proposed for the consideration of the shareholders by the holders of at least 5% of the voting stock of the Corporation in a writing delivered to the Secretary of the Corporation not less than 90 days prior to the date of such meeting or by the Board of Directors.